



The  
Geological  
Society

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# Co-evolution of Life & the Planet: Future perspectives in Earth System Science

4-6 November 2014

## Programme

Tuesday 4 November 2014	
	<b>ICE-BREAKER EVENING – University College London</b>
17.00	<b>KEYNOTE: Oxidation of the biosphere: The best laid scheme of life and planet</b> Lee Kump, Penn State University
18.30	<b>Drinks reception</b>
Wednesday 5 November 2014 – Geological Society	
9.00	<b>Registration, tea &amp; coffee</b>
9.30	<b>KEYNOTE: Big History</b> Sir Crispin Tickell
Precambrian origins of the modern Earth System	
9.50	<b>Evidence for a prebiotic origin of cellular metabolism through chemical constraints of the Archean ocean</b> Markus Ralser, University of Cambridge
10.10	<b>Redox Regime Shifts in Model and Experimental Nutrient-Cycling Microbial Ecosystems: Consequences for Life-Environment Co-Evolution</b> Timothy Bush & Andrew Free, University of Edinburgh
10.30	<b>Clarifying the Haze: Biological Control as an Atmospheric Primer to the GOE?</b> Garth Izon, University of St Andrews
10.50	<b>Tea, coffee and posters</b>
11.10	<b>KEYNOTE: An orderly escape from Snowball Earth: evidence from a tropical continent</b> Ian Fairchild, University of Birmingham
11.40	<b>Weathering regimes on the land surface and the seafloor: Carbon sequestration, nutrient delivery and planetary oxygenation</b> Benjamin Mills, University of Exeter
12.00	<b>Ocean detoxification and the diversification of eukaryotic life in the early Neoproterozoic</b> Romain Guilbaud, University of Leeds
12.20	<b>Dynamic redox conditions control late Ediacaran ecosystems</b> Rachel Wood, University of Edinburgh
12.40	<b>A multi-proxy reconstruction of oxygen distribution during the emergence of biomineralisation</b> Rosalie Tostevin, University College London

13.00	<b>Lunch and posters</b>
<b>Key events in the evolution of marine ecosystems</b>	
14.00	<b>KEYNOTE: Beyond Biotic Patterns: Can We Understand the Underlying Controls</b> Peter Harries, University of South Florida
14.30	<b>Life on Earth exists by Geological Consent—subject to change without notice: A palaeobiogeographic investigation of the Boreal Triassic ammonoid faunal recovery</b> Alistair McGowan, University of Glasgow
14.50	<b>Functional Diversity across the Permian/Triassic boundary</b> William Foster, Plymouth University
15.10	<b>Faunal changes, global warming and anoxia in the early Toarcian (Early Jurassic)</b> Silvia Danise, Plymouth University
15.30	<b>Tea, coffee and posters</b>
15.50	<b>The Early Toarcian (Early Jurassic) extinction event and recovery as recorded in the Cleveland Basin, UK</b> Crispin Little, University of Leeds
16.10	<b>Carbon isotopes in otoliths: a new palaeoecological proxy?</b> Diana Shores
16.30	<b>Comparative palaeoecology of the trace fossil and body fossil records through the early Mesozoic</b> Richard Twitchett, Natural History Museum
16.50	<b>Discussion</b>
17.10	<b>NERC strategic research funding: Q&amp;A</b> Chris Franklin, NERC
17.30 – 19.30	<b>Drinks reception</b>
<b>Thursday 6 November 2014 – Geological Society</b>	
8.30	<b>Registration, tea &amp; coffee</b>
<b>Geological constraints on evolution in the polar regions</b>	
9.00	<b>KEYNOTE: Cretaceous oxygen isotope paleotemperatures from southern high latitudes</b> Brian Huber, Smithsonian Institution
9.30	<b>Life in Antarctica during the Paleogene</b> Jane Francis, British Antarctic Survey
9.50	<b>Climatic evolution of Antarctica through the latest Cretaceous to early Paleogene</b> David Kemp, Open University
10.10	<b>Survival at the Antarctic margin through a global catastrophe: palynological evidence for latest Cretaceous to Paleocene climatic and oceanic change</b> Vanessa Bowman, British Antarctic Survey
10.30	<b>Tea, coffee and posters</b>
11.00	<b>Extinction and recovery at the K-PG Boundary in Antarctica</b> Rowan Whittle, British Antarctic Survey
11.20	<b>Vegetation-climate-paleogeography interactions in the Cretaceous and Paleogene: implications for climate sensitivity</b> Dan Lunt, University of Bristol
11.40	<b>Role of the polar regions in the origin and maintenance of global biodiversity patterns</b> Alistair Crame, British Antarctic Survey

12.00	<b>Discussion</b>
12.20	<b>Lunch and posters</b>
<b>Descent into the Icehouse during the Cenozoic Era</b>	
13.20	<b>KEYNOTE: What does the 'CCD' tell us about the evolving global carbon cycling during the Descent into the Icehouse</b> Andy Ridgwell, University of Bristol
13.50	<b>The Descent into the Icehouse</b> Gavin Foster, The National Oceanography Centre Southampton
14.10	<b>The evolution of atmospheric CO<sub>2</sub> during the early Cenozoic</b> Eleni Anagnostou, The National Oceanography Centre Southampton
14.30	<b>Testing the metabolic hypothesis: temperature-dependent carbon cycling in the Eocene oceans</b> Paul Pearson, Cardiff University
14.50	<b>Patterns and drivers of cooling during the descent towards the icehouse</b> Gordon Inglis, University of Bristol
15.10	<b>Tea, coffee and posters</b>
15.30	<b>The impact of Cenozoic cooling on the diversity of planktonic foraminifera</b> Isabel Fenton, Natural History Museum
15.50	<b>Pliocene-Pleistocene evolution in sea surface and intermediate water temperatures: perspectives from the southern hemisphere</b> Erin McClymont, Durham University
16.10	<b>The origin of arthropod zooplankton</b> Vincent Perrier, University of Leicester
16.30	<b>Discussion</b>
16.50	<b>Closing remarks</b> Tim Lenton, University of Exeter
17.10	<b>Close of conference</b>

## Poster Programme

<b>Phosphatization in the Ediacaran: a taphonomic model for the Biskopås Formation of southern Norway</b> Peter Adamson, University of Cambridge
<b>Stabilization of the coupled oxygen and phosphorus cycles by the evolution of bioturbation</b> Richard Boyle, University of Southern Denmark
<b>Disentangling synergistic climate drivers on the extinction of the planktonic foraminifer <i>Globoconella puncticulata</i></b> Anieke Brombacher, National Oceanography Centre Southampton
<b>Controlled regime shifts in sulphur-cycling microcosms</b> Timothy Bush, University of Edinburgh
<b>Assessing the impact of diagenesis on the <math>\delta^{11}\text{B}</math>, <math>\delta^{18}\text{O}</math>, <math>\delta^{13}\text{C}</math> and trace element geochemistry of fossil planktonic foraminiferal calcite</b> Kirsty Edgar, University of Bristol
<b>Structural and Functional Unpredictability in the Microbial Communities of a Nutrient-Cycling Laboratory Model Ecosystem</b> Andrew Free, University of Edinburgh
<b>Records of Antarctic seasonal variation preserved in bivalve shells across the Cretaceous/Paleogene mass extinction</b> Joanna Hall, University of Leeds
<b>Early Cambrian seawater sulphate isotope evolution</b>

Tian-Chen He, University College London
<b>Redox and nutrient cycling in a late Mesoproterozoic sea</b> Kathryn Husband, University of Leeds
<b>The Maastrichtian–Eocene of Seymour Island, Antarctica: setting the stratigraphic and palaeoenvironmental scene</b> Jon Ineson, Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland
<b>Wave-dominated, tidally-influenced deltaic sediments of the Sobral Formation (Lower Paleocene), Seymour Island, Antarctica</b> Jon Ineson, Geological Survey of Denmark and Greenland
<b>Biological innovation in the Ediacaran of Charnwood Forest: strategies against sediment occlusion</b> Charlotte Kenchington, University of Cambridge
<b>Modelling vegetation–climate interactions in past greenhouse climates</b> Claire Loptson, University of Bristol
<b>A chance to move from anecdotes to data: A taphonomic investigation of a specimen of <i>Svalbardiceras spitzbergenesis</i> (Frebald) from Svalbard</b> Alistair J. McGowan, University of Glasgow
<b>Investigating the carbon cycle perturbation of the Eocene-Oligocene Transition using biogeochemical modelling and analysis</b> David I. Armstrong McKay, National Oceanography Centre Southampton
<b>Nitrogen cycling in Neoproterozoic ocean margins</b> Colin Mettam, University of St Andrews
<b>Palaeoclimatic and palaeoenvironmental changes through the latest Cretaceous to early Paleogene: Geochemical reconstructions from Seymour Island, Antarctica</b> Charlotte O'Brien, University of Oxford
<b>Palaeoecology of calcified metazoans from the Nama Group, Namibia</b> Amelia Penny, University of Edinburgh
<b>Benthic ecosystem dynamics following the Late Triassic mass extinction event: Palaeoecology of the Blue Lias formation, Lyme Regis, UK</b> Autumn Pugh, University of Leeds
<b>A large-amplitude Tonian-age negative carbon-isotope excursion from the Dalian area, North China</b> Steven Robinson, University College London
<b>Let me look into your otolith!</b> Diana Shores
<b>Redox cycling of phosphorus in the ~1.8 Ga Animikie Basin</b> Jennifer Thompson, University of Leeds
<b>Paleocene forests and climates of Antarctica: signals from fossil wood</b> Laura Tilley, University of Leeds
<b>How severe was ocean acidification at the K/Pg?</b> Toby Tyrrell, National Oceanography Centre Southampton
<b>Exciting Antarctic Science - engaging school children, the general public and stakeholders with the PALEOPOLAR project</b> Rowan Whittle, British Antarctic Survey
<b>Life and death at high latitudes: a reassessment of the Cretaceous/Paleogene (K/PG) mass extinction event in Antarctica</b> James D. Witts, University of Leeds
<b>Mineralogical controls on nutrient cycling in sulfidic environments</b> Yijun Xiong, University of Leeds
<b>Constructing a Neoproterozoic Seawater Strontium Isotope Curve</b> Ying Zhou, University College London

